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|  | History (The Scots and Anglo-Saxons) | Science (Forces) | French- (Time in the City) |
| Content | Why did the Anglo-Saxons invade and how can we know where they settled?What can we learn from Sutton Hoo?How did people’s lives change when Christianity came to Britain?How were the Saxons able to see off the Viking threat?How ‘Great’ was Alfred, really? | * explain that unsupported objects fall towards the [Earth](https://primaryscienceonline.org.uk/glossary-of-terms/earth/) because of the force of [gravity](https://primaryscienceonline.org.uk/glossary-of-terms/gravity/) acting between the [Earth](https://primaryscienceonline.org.uk/glossary-of-terms/earth/) and the falling object
* identify the effects of [air resistance](https://primaryscienceonline.org.uk/glossary-of-terms/air-resistance/), water resistance and [friction](https://primaryscienceonline.org.uk/glossary-of-terms/friction/), that act between moving surfaces
* recognise that some mechanisms including levers, pulleys and gears allow a smaller force to have a greater impact
 | I can:* understand facts about a city in France
* ask for a ticket
* give simple directions around town
* say and write a simple description of the city
* buy an item and ask for the price
* describe a festive jumper
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| Vocabulary |  InvasionSettlementSettlerHomelandPeriodAnglesSaxonsJutesExcavationArchaeologistArtefactsKingdomNorse MonkMonasteryLindisfarnemonarchyDanelaw | GravityMassWeightMeasureNewtonsFrictionPush PullBalancedUnbalancedAir resistanceBuoyancyWater resistanceLeversPulleysGearsFulcrum  | Please see attached document (below) |



